

The GPS Moment for Al Governance

How Closed Loop Control of Data Use Will Transform Enterprise Al

The Moment Everything Changed

In 1983, the U.S. government made Global Positioning System (GPS) signals available for civilian use. For years, the technology seemed like a modest improvement, a more accurate compass. But something remarkable happened when engineers connected dynamic, real-time positioning to static maps. Suddenly, location wasn't just knowable; it was actionable. Routes could be optimized in real time. Fleets could be tracked. Ride-sharing became possible.

According to a comprehensive study by NIST and RTI International, GPS has generated \$1.4 trillion in U.S. economic value since its civilian release. Perhaps more striking: 90% of that value accrued after 2010, when smartphones married GPS to everyday life. The technology existed for decades before the value explosion occurred. What changed wasn't the satellite network, it was the connection between knowing where things are and controlling what happens next.

The GPS Moment: when multi-dimensional awareness connects directly to dynamic control, enabling real-time adaptability and creating transformative business value.

Enterprise IT stands at precisely this inflection point today. Harvard Business Review reported 86% of enterprises expect increasing investment in Al agents, having already achieved 30% to 50% gains in productivity, agility, and cost savings. Yet only 6% trust Al to handle core business processes. CIOs are entrusted with their organization's most valuable asset, information, yet they govern it the way drivers used paper maps in the 1980s: static snapshots, low resolution, little connection between what they plan for and what they can control.

Flying Blind: The Current State of Enterprise Data Governance

Consider how enterprises govern data today. Engineering teams create data flow maps that become immediately obsolete when applications introduce new features or integrate with new systems. Compliance teams use these flawed maps to create policies. Security teams implement policies through firewalls and gateways that control access to resources, servers, APIs, applications, without understanding what data flows through them.

The result is a cycle of pain. Compliance audits uncover failures. Failures trigger engineering fire drills that disrupt product roadmaps. Teams scramble to create new maps, new policies, new implementations, all of which will be obsolete within months.

The numbers tell the story: According to the <u>SANS 2023 Incident Response Survey</u>, 95.8% of detected security incidents are false positives. Security teams spend the majority of their time chasing ghosts while 80% of real problems slip through undetected. When genuine issues are identified, it takes three to four weeks to detect them and seven months to find root cause. Meanwhile, 66% of IT time is consumed wrangling data rather than driving business value.

Why AI Changes Everything, Permanently

Al adoption is no longer optional. Enterprises increased IT spending by \$500 billion in 2025 specifically to prepare for Al, with <u>Gartner</u> projecting another \$500 billion increase in 2026. Sixty-two percent of CEOs identify Al as defining competitive advantage for the next decade.

But Al doesn't interact with data the way humans do. Al systems process information in fundamentally different ways, ways that break every assumption underlying traditional data governance. Traditional classification forces data into four to six categories, but less than 2% of enterprise data qualifies as "sensitive" by compliance definitions. The remaining 98% contains intellectual property, strategic plans, and operational data that traditional classification ignores.

Most critically, Al agents operate at machine speed. Problems that once developed over weeks now propagate in seconds. An Al agent making decisions based on the wrong data doesn't wait for human review, it acts, generates outputs, triggers downstream processes, and influences decisions before anyone knows something went wrong.

Human-speed governance cannot manage machine-speed operations.

Why Security Alone Won't Work

When enterprises recognize the Al governance gap, the instinctive response is to treat it as a security problem: deploy Al guardrails, implement Al gateways, add another layer of controls. This approach is understandable but fundamentally flawed.

Security-only approaches perpetuate resource-based controls that don't understand the data flowing through them. They create gaps that Al fills with hallucinations, when security tools block data without understanding its relevance, Al systems generate responses based on incomplete information. And they generate overwhelming noise: the 95.8% false positive rate reflects tools that flag potential issues without understanding actual data use.

The challenge isn't just about preventing breaches. It's about optimizing business outcomes while managing risk, a balance that requires visibility into value, quality, and security simultaneously.

The Solution: Closed-Loop Control of Data Use

The GPS Moment for enterprise IT arrives when multi-dimensional mapping of data connects to dynamic control based on meaning, ownership, relevance, and context. This is Dynamic Situational Awareness (DSA) of data use, closed-loop control that represents the only actionable path to optimizing Al outcomes.

DSA requires understanding data at the level Al actually uses it. Understanding emerges from multiple signals, semantic content, relationships to other data, usage patterns, lineage, and

interaction context, not from any single source. With this understanding established, governance shifts from "block or allow" to "optimize data use under policy and context."

The goal isn't preventing AI from accessing data, it's ensuring AI agents receive the most complete, most relevant, policy-aligned data for each user and each query. When an executive asks about quarterly performance, they should see data appropriate to their role. When a customer service agent asks the same question, they should see data relevant to their function. Same query, different contexts, different optimal responses.

This optimization approach eliminates the false choice between security and accuracy. All answers improve because context is complete. Security improves because policies are enforced with precision. Operational efficiency improves because teams stop chasing false positives and start addressing real issues.

Measurable Impact

These aren't aspirational targets, they reflect elimination of inefficiencies from closed-loop data governance, and Al benchmarks:

False positive rates: Drop from over 95% to less than 1% because every alert is grounded in actual data and genuine policy violations

Policy management effort: Decreases by over 60% because policies unify on data itself rather than being fragmented across resource-based tools

Investigation time: Drops by over 80% because analysts can see exactly which data moved where, when, and why

Al answer quality: Improves by 40% or more because agents receive relevant, complete, policy-aligned context

Inference costs: Decrease by 30% or more because junk and duplicate data never reaches the model

Strategic Imperatives for CIOs

The enterprises that recognize this transformation early will capture disproportionate value, just as companies that embraced GPS-enabled logistics outcompeted those that clung to paper-based routing. They will deploy Al with confidence, reduce the operational overhead that currently consumes two-thirds of IT productivity, and make decisions faster with better information.

The enterprises that wait will find themselves trapped in an accelerating cycle of pain. Each new Al capability will expose new governance gaps. Each governance gap will trigger firefighting that delays the next capability.

Sixty-two percent of CEOs understand that AI defines competitive advantage for the next decade. The question isn't when to adopt AI, it's how to govern it effectively.